



Akzonobel Industrial Coatings Korea

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## HICARTHANE#200 VA(SEMI GLOSS)\_XMA

Date of issue: 2014-10-08

Revision date: 2014-10-08

Version: R0001.0002

### 1. IDENTIFICATION

#### A. Product name

- HICARTHANE#200 VA(SEMI GLOSS)\_XMA [KF000037704]

#### B. Recommended use and restriction on use

- General use : paint applid on plastic resin
- Restriction on use : Do not use for other purposes

#### C. Manufacturer / Supplier / Distributor information

##### ○ Manufacturer information

- Company name : Akzonobel Industrial Coatings Korea Ltd.
- Address : 60, Bonsan 1-ro 56beon-gil, Jinyeong-eup, Gimhae-si, Gyeongsangnam-do, Korea
- Dept. :
- Telephone number :
- Emergency telephone number : (82) 55-720-0200
- Fax number :
- E-mail address :

##### ○ Supplier/Distributor information

- Company name : Akzonobel Industrial Coatings Korea Ltd.
- Address : 11, Byeolmang-ro 459beon-gil, Danwon-gu, Ansan-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea
- Dept. :
- Telephone number :
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- Fax number :
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### 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

#### A. GHS Classification

- Acute toxicity (inhalation: vapor) : Category4
- Chronic aquatic toxicity : Category3
- Carcinogenicity : Category1B
- Reproductive toxicity : Category1A
- Germ cell mutagenicity : Category1B
- Serious eye damage/irritation : Category2
- Flammable liquids : Category2
- Specific target organ toxicity(Single exposure) : Category1
- Specific target organ toxicity(Single exposure) : Category3(Respiratory tract irritation)
- Specific target organ toxicity(Repeated exposure) : Category2
- Skin corrosion/irritation : Category2



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## B. GHS label elements

### ○ Hazard symbols



### ○ Signal words

- Danger

### ○ Hazard statements

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H332 Harmful if inhaled
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H340 May cause genetic defects
- H350 May cause cancer
- H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child
- H370 Causes damage to organs(Refer Section SDS 11)
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Refer Section SDS 11)
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### ○ Precautionary statements

#### 1) Prevention

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. ? No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools. Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6) 1, 2, 3
- P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
- P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

#### 2) Response

- P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P307+P311 If exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
- P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- P321 Specific treatment
- P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
- P370+P378 In case of fire: Use Suitable extinguishing media for extinction(Refer Section MSDS 5).

#### 3) Storage



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- P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
- P405 Store locked up.

#### 4) Disposal

- P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation

### C. Other hazards which do not result in classification : (NFPA Classification)

#### o NFPA grade (0 ~ 4 level)

- Health : 2, Flammability : 0, Reactivity : 0

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	Trade names and Synonyms	CAS No.	Content(%)
n-Butyl acetate	Acetic acid, butyl ester	123-86-4	20 ~ 30
Acryl resin	-	-	10 ~ 20
Isobutyl acetate	Acetic acid, 2-methylpropyl ester	110-19-0	10 ~ 20
Toluene	Methylbenzene	108-88-3	1 ~ 10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	Methylisobutyl ketone, MIBK	108-10-1	1 ~ 10
2-Methyl-2-propenoic acid butyl ester polymer with 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate	-	31942-54-8	1 ~ 10
Xylene	Dimethylbenzene	1330-20-7	1 ~ 10
Acetic acid ethyl ester	Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	1 ~ 10
Carbon black	Acetylene black	1333-86-4	1 ~ 10
Ethyleneglycol monoethyl ether acetate	2-Ethoxyethyl acetate	111-15-9	1 ~ 10
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, butyl ester, polymer with 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-propenoic acid	-	38415-32-6	1 ~ 10
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	2-Butanone	78-93-3	1 ~ 10
Silicon dioxide	Silic anhydride	7631-86-9	1 ~ 10
Cellulose acetate butylate	Cellulose, acetate butanoate	9004-36-8	1 ~ 10
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Naphtha	64742-48-9	0 ~ 1
Ethanol	Alcohol anhydrous	64-17-5	0 ~ 1
Secret	Secret	-	1 ~ 10

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### A. Eye contact

- Do not rub your eyes.
- Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and call a doctor/physician.
- Get medical attention immediately.
- Go to the hospital immediately if symptoms (flare, irritate) occur.
- Remove contact lenses if worn.

#### B. Skin contact

- Flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
- Laundering enough contaminated clothing before reuse.
- Get medical attention immediately.
- Go to the hospital immediately if symptoms (flare, irritate) occur.
- Remove contaminated clothing, shoes and isolate.
- Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Wear gloves when washing the patient, and please avoid contact with contaminated clothing.



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**C. Inhalation contact**

- When exposed to large amounts of steam and mist, move to fresh air.
- Take specific treatment if needed.
- Get medical attention immediately.
- If breathing is stopped or irregular, give artificial respiration and supply oxygen.

**D. Ingestion contact**

- About whether I should induce vomiting Take the advice of a doctor.
- Rinse your mouth with water immediately.
- Get medical attention immediately.

**E. Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

- Not available

**F. Notes to physician**

- Notify medical personnel of contaminated situations and have them take appropriate protective measures.
- If exposed or concerned, get medical attention/advice.

**5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES****A. Suitable (Unsuitable) extinguishing media**

- Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, regular foam extinguishing agent, spray
- Avoid use of water jet for extinguishing

**B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical**

- Not available

**C. Special protective actions for firefighters**

- Cool containers with water until well after fire is out.
- Keep unauthorized personnel out.
- Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank.
- Use appropriate extinguishing measure suitable for surrounding fire.
- Keep containers cool with water spray.
- Vapor or gas is burned at distant ignition sources can be spread quickly.
- The extremely low flash point made by fire-fighters may be less effective at digesting weeks.

**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES****A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

- Do not touch spilled material. Stop leak if you can do it without risk.
- Remove all sources of ignition.
- Handling the damaged containers or spilled material after wearing protective equipment.
- Do not direct water at spill or source of leak.
- Avoid skin contact and inhalation.
- Cleanup and disposal under expert supervision is advised.
- Keep unauthorized people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry.

**B. Environmental precautions**

- Prevent runoff and contact with waterways, drains or sewers.
- If large amounts have been spilled, inform the relevant authorities.

**C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

- Large spill : Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Dike for later disposal.



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- Notification to central government, local government. When emissions at least of the standard amount
- Dispose of waste in accordance with local regulation.
- Appropriate container for disposal of spilled material collected.
- Small leak: sand or other non-combustible material, please let use absorption.
- Wipe off the solvent.
- Dike for later disposal.
- Do not use plastic containers.
- Prevent the influx to waterways, sewers, basements or confined spaces.
- Spilled material should be treated as a potential risk of waste collected.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### A. Precautions for safe handling

- Comply with all applicable laws and regulations for handling
- Get the manual before use.
- Refer to Engineering controls and personal protective equipment.
- Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing.
- Do not inhale the steam prolonged or repeated.
- Avoid contact with heat, sparks, flame or other ignition sources.
- Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

### B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Do not use damaged containers.
- Keep in the original container.
- Please pay attention to incompatibilities materials and conditions to avoid.
- No open fire.
- Prevent static electricity and keep away from combustible materials or heat sources.
- By specifying a storage area for carcinogenic substances.
- Collected them in sealed containers.
- Store away from water and sewer.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### A. Exposure limits

#### o ACGIH TLV

- [n-Butyl acetate] : TWA, 150 ppm (713 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- [Isobutyl acetate] : TWA, 150 ppm (713 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- [Toluene] : TWA 20 ppm (75 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- [4-Methyl-2-pentanone] : TWA, 20 ppm (82 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- [Xylene] : TWA 100 ppm (434 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- [Acetic acid ethyl ester] : TWA, 400 ppm (1440 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- [Carbon black] : TWA, 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>
- [Ethyleneglycol monoethyl ether acetate] : TWA, 5 ppm (27 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- [Methyl Ethyl Ketone] : TWA, 200 ppm (590 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- [Secret] : TWA 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>
- [Secret] : TWA, 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, Respirable particulate mass
- [Secret] : TWA, 200 ppm (491 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- [Secret] : TWA, 200 ppm (262 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)

### B. Engineering controls

- A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures above the Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. The use of local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.



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### C. Personal protective equipment

#### ○ Respiratory protection

- Under conditions of frequent use or heavy exposure, Respiratory protection may be needed.
- Respiratory protection is ranked in order from minimum to maximum.
- Consider warning properties before use.
- Any chemical cartridge respirator with organic vapor cartridge(s).
- Any chemical cartridge respirator with a full facepiece and organic vapor cartridge(s).
- Any air-purifying respirator with a full facepiece and an organic vapor canister.
- For Unknown Concentration or Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health : Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.

#### ○ Eye protection

- Wear primary eye protection such as splash resistant safety goggles with a secondary protection face shield.
- Provide an emergency eye wash station and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.

#### ○ Hand protection

- Wear appropriate chemical resistant glove.

#### ○ Skin protection

- Wear appropriate chemical resistant protective clothing.

#### ○ Others

- Not available

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

A. Appearance	
- Appearance	Liquid(Viscous liquid)
- Color	black
B. Odor	Not available
C. Odor threshold	Not available
D. pH	Not available
E. Melting point/Freezing point	Not available
F. Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Ranges	79 °C
G. Flash point	5 °C ~ 20 °C
H. Evaporation rate	Not available
I. Flammability(solid, gas)	Not available
J. Upper/Lower Flammability or explosive limits	Not available
K. Vapour pressure	Not available
L. Solubility	Not available
M. Vapour density	Not available
N. Specific gravity	0.98~1.02
O. Partition coefficient of n-octanol/water	Not available
P. Autoignition temperature	420 °C
Q. Decomposition temperature	Not available
R. Viscosity	52~60 KU
S. Molecular weight	Not available

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### A. Chemical stability

- This material is stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

### B. Possibility of hazardous reactions

- Cylinders exposed to fire may vent and release flammable gas.



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**C. Conditions to avoid**

- Avoid contact with incompatible materials and condition.
- Avoid : Accumulation of electrostatic charges, Heating, Flames and hot surfaces
- Avoid contact with heat, sparks, flame or other ignition sources.

**D. Incompatible materials**

- Not available

**E. Hazardous decomposition products**

- May emit flammable vapour if involved in fire.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION****A. Information on the likely routes of exposure**

- **(Respiratory tracts)**
  - May cause respiratory irritation.
- **(Oral)**
  - Not available
- **(Eye·Skin)**
  - Causes serious eye irritation
  - Causes skin irritation

**B. Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

- **Acute toxicity**
  - \* **Oral**
    - [n-Butyl acetate] : LD50 = 14130 mg/kg Rat
    - [Isobutyl acetate] : LD50 = 15400 mg/kg Rat
    - [Toluene] : LD50 2600 mg/kg Rat
    - [4-Methyl-2-pentanone] : LD50 = 2080 mg/kg Rat
    - [Xylene] : LD50 3500 mg/kg Rat
    - [Acetic acid ethyl ester] : LD50 5620 mg/kg Rat
    - [Carbon black] : LD50 = 15400 mg/kg Rat
    - [Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate] : LD50 = 2700 mg/kg Rat
    - [Methyl Ethyl Ketone] : LD50 2737 mg/kg Rat
    - [Silicon dioxide] : LD50 = 3160 mg/kg Rat
    - [Secret] : LD50 > 10000 mg/kg Rat
    - [Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy] : LD50 > 15000 mg/kg Rat
    - [Secret] : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg Rat
    - [Secret] : LD50 = 7725 mg/kg Rat (Oral)
    - [Ethanol] : LD50 = 6200 mg/kg Rat
    - [Secret] : LD50 = 5000 mg/kg Rat
    - [Secret] : LD50 = 4710 mg/kg Rat
    - [Secret] : LD50 = 2369 mg/kg Rat
    - [Secret] : LD50 = 600 mg/kg Rat
    - [Secret] : LD50 6200 mg/kg Rat
    - [Secret] : LD50 = 526 mg/kg Rat
  - \* **Dermal**
    - [n-Butyl acetate] : LD50 = 17600 mg/kg Rabbit
    - [Isobutyl acetate] : LD50 = 17400 mg/kg rabbit
    - [Toluene] : LD50 120000 mg/kg Rat
    - [4-Methyl-2-pentanone] : LD50 = 3000 mg/kg rabbit
    - [Xylene] : LD50 4350 mg/kg Rabbit
    - [Acetic acid ethyl ester] : LD50 > 18000 mg/kg Rabbit



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- [Carbon black] : LD50 = 3000 mg/kg rabbit
- [Methyl Ethyl Ketone] : LD50 6480 mg/kg rabbit
- [Secret] : LD50 > 10000 mg/kg Rabbit
- [Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy] : LD50 > 3160 mg/kg Rabbit
- [Secret] : LD50 = 5000 mg/kg Rat
- [Secret] : LD50 = 12870 mg/kg rabbit
- [Secret] : LD50 15800 mg/kg rabbit
- [Secret] : LD50 = 1488 mg/kg rabbit
- [Secret] : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit

**\* Inhalation**

- [n-Butyl acetate] : Steam LC50 = 0.74 mg/L/4hr Rat (GLP)
- [Isobutyl acetate] : LC50 = 38.0 mg/L/4 hr Rat
- [Toluene] : LC50 12.5 mg/l 4 hr Rat
- [4-Methyl-2-pentanone] : LC50 = 8.2 mg/l Rat
- [Xylene] : Steam LC50 6700 ppm 4 hr Rat (Equivalents : 29.09 mg/L)
- [Acetic acid ethyl ester] : Steam LC50 100 mg/l 4 hr Rat (LC50 = 200 mg/L/1hr conversion  $\frac{1}{4}$ )
- [Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate] : LC50 = 17.1 mg/l/4hr Rat
- [Methyl Ethyl Ketone] : Steam LC50 32 mg/l 4 hr Mouse
- [Secret] : LC50 > 6.82 mg/l 4 hr Rat
- [Secret] : dust LC50  $\geq$  0.477 mg/L 4 hr Rat
- [Ethanol] : LC50 = 59.59 mg/L/4hr Rat
- [Secret] : LC50 = 72600 mg/l 4 hr Rat
- [Secret] : LC50 83.9 mg/L/4 hr Rat
- [Secret] : Steam LC50 36.9 mg/L/4 hr Rat

o **Skin corrosion/irritation**

- Causes skin irritation

o **Serious eye damage/irritation**

- Causes serious eye irritation

o **Respiratory sensitization**

- Not available

o **Skin sensitization**

- Not available

o **Carcinogenicity**

**\* IARC**

- [Toluene] : Group 3
- [4-Methyl-2-pentanone] : Group 2B
- [Xylene] : Group 3
- [Carbon black] : Group 2B
- [Silicon dioxide] : Group 3
- [Secret] : Group 2B
- [Ethanol] : Group 1
- [Secret] : Group 3

**\* OSHA**

- Not available

**\* ACGIH**

- [Toluene] : A4
- [4-Methyl-2-pentanone] : A3
- [Xylene] : A4
- [Carbon black] : A3
- [Secret] : A4
- [Ethanol] : A3

**\* NTP**

- Not available





**\* EU CLP**

- [Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy] : Carc. 1B

○ **Germ cell mutagenicity**

- May cause genetic defects

○ **Reproductive toxicity**

- May damage fertility or the unborn child

○ **STOT-single exposure**

- Causes damage to organs(Refer Section SDS 11)

- May cause respiratory irritation.

○ **STOT-repeated exposure**

- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Refer Section SDS 11)

○ **Aspiration hazard**

- Not available

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### A. Ecotoxicity

○ **Fish**

- [n-Butyl acetate] : LC50 = 62 mg/ℓ 96 hr

- [Isobutyl acetate] : LC50 = 17 mg/ℓ 96 hr

- [Toluene] : LC50 24 mg/ℓ 96 hr Oncorhynchus mykiss

- [4-Methyl-2-pentanone] : LC50 = 540 mg/ℓ 96 hr

- [Xylene] : LC50 3.3 mg/ℓ 96 hr

- [Acetic acid ethyl ester] : LC50 230 mg/ℓ 96 hr Pimephales promelas

- [Ethleneglycol monoethyl ether acetate] : LC50 = 40 mg/ℓ 96 hr

- [Methyl Ethyl Ketone] : LC50 3220 mg/ℓ 96 hr Pimephales promelas

- [Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy] : LC50 = 2200 mg/ℓ 96 hr Pimephales promelas

- [Secret] : LC50 = 832 mg/ℓ 96 hr

- [Ethanol] : LC50 = 42 mg/ℓ 96 hr Oncorhynchus mykiss

- [Secret] : LC50 > 100 mg/ℓ 96 hr

- [Secret] : LC50 = 0.97 mg/ℓ 96 hr Lepomis macrochirus

- [Secret] : LC50 > 20000 mg/ℓ 96 hr Oncorhynchus mykiss

- [Secret] : LC50 15400 mg/ℓ 96 hr Lepomis macrochirus

- [Secret] : LC50 > 100 mg/ℓ 96 hr Other (Salmo trutta)

- [Secret] : LC50 = 0.996 mg/ℓ 96 hr

- [Secret] : LC50 = 315 mg/ℓ 96 hr Fundulus heteroclitus

- [Secret] : LC50 4.8 mg/ℓ 96 hr Brachydanio rerio

○ **Crustaceans**

- [n-Butyl acetate] : LC50 = 32 mg/ℓ 48 hr

- [Toluene] : EC50 11.5 mg/ℓ 48 hr Daphnia magna

- [4-Methyl-2-pentanone] : EC50 = 170 mg/ℓ 48 hr

- [Xylene] : LC50 190 mg/ℓ 96 hr

- [Acetic acid ethyl ester] : EC50 717 mg/ℓ 48 hr Daphnia magna

- [Carbon black] : EC50 = 5600 mg/ℓ 24 hr

- [Methyl Ethyl Ketone] : EC50 5091 mg/ℓ 48 hr Daphnia magna

- [Secret] : EC50 > 1000 mg/ℓ 48 hr

- [Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy] : LC50 = 2.6 mg/ℓ 96 hr (Species: Chaetogammarus marinus)

- [Secret] : LC50 = 1.23 mg/ℓ 48 hr

- [Ethanol] : EC50 = 2 mg/ℓ 48 hr Daphnia magna

- [Secret] : EC50 = 20 mg/ℓ 24 hr

- [Secret] : LD50 > 100 mg/ℓ 96 hr Daphnia magna

- [Secret] : EC50 > 100 mg/ℓ 48 hr Daphnia magna

- [Secret] : LC50 = 0.110 mg/ℓ 48 hr



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- [Secret] : EC50 = 1.2 mg/ℓ 64 hr *Daphnia magna*
- [Secret] : EC50 ≥ 3.2 mg/ℓ 48 hr *Daphnia magna*

○ **Algae**

- [Acetic acid ethyl ester] : EC50 1800 ~ 3200 mg/ℓ 72 hr (*Selenastrum* sp.)
- [Methyl Ethyl Ketone] : EC50 > 500 mg/ℓ 96 hr *Skeletonema costatum*
- [Secret] : EC50 > 500 mg/ℓ 72 hr
- [Secret] : EC50 = 2.2 mg/ℓ 96 hr
- [Secret] : EC50 = 0.017 mg/ℓ 96 hr
- [Secret] : EC50 > 100 mg/ℓ 72 hr *Selenastrum capricornutum*
- [Secret] : EC50 = 0.615 mg/ℓ 96 hr

## B. Persistence and degradability

○ **Persistence**

- [n-Butyl acetate] : log Kow = 1.78
- [Isobutyl acetate] : log Kow = 1.78
- [Toluene] : log Kow 2.73
- [4-Methyl-2-pentanone] : log Kow = 1.38
- [Acetic acid ethyl ester] : log Kow 0.73
- [Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate] : log Kow = 0.59
- [Methyl Ethyl Ketone] : log Kow 0.29
- [Silicon dioxide] : log Kow = 0.53
- [Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy] : log Kow = 2.1 ~ 6 (Estimates)
- [Secret] : log Kow = -0.54
- [Secret] : log Kow = 0.97 (Estimates)
- [Secret] : log Kow = 0.37 (at 25 °C)
- [Secret] : log Kow -0.77
- [Secret] : log Kow = 5.14
- [Secret] : log Kow = -2.7
- [Secret] : log Kow 4.57

○ **Degradability**

- [Acetic acid ethyl ester] : BOD5/COD 0.81
- [Secret] : BOD5/COD = 0.68
- [Ethanol] : BOD5/COD = 0.57

## C. Bioaccumulative potential

○ **Bioaccumulative potential**

- [Acetic acid ethyl ester] : BCF 30
- [Silicon dioxide] : BCF = 3.162
- [Secret] : BCF = 0.16
- [Secret] : BCF = 1351
- [Secret] : BCF = 3.162
- [Secret] : BCF = 180.1

○ **Biodegradation**

- [n-Butyl acetate] : Biodegradability = 98 (%)
- [Toluene] : 86 (%) 20 day
- [Xylene] : 39 (%)
- [Acetic acid ethyl ester] : 100 (%) 28 day
- [Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate] : Biodegradability = 86.9 (%)
- [Methyl Ethyl Ketone] : 89 (%) 20 day
- [Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy] : Biodegradability = 10 (%) 28 day (Aerobic, Activated Sludge, Domestic wastewater, Does not decompose easily)
- [Secret] : Biodegradability = 73 (%) 28 day
- [Ethanol] : Biodegradability = 75 (%) 20 day (Aerobic, Other, Easily decomposed)



- [Secret] : Biodegradability = 38 (%) 28 day
- [Secret] : 41 ~ 42 (%) 28 day

#### D. Mobility in soil

- [Xylene] : log Kow = 3.12 (measured) (ortho), 3.2 (measured) (meta), 3.15 (measurements) (p) (5)
- [Ethanol] : Koc = 1

#### E. Other adverse effects

- Not available

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### A. Disposal methods

- Since more than two kinds of designaed waste is mixed, it is difficult to treat seperatly, then can be reduction or stabilization by incineration or similar process.
- If water separation is possible, pre-process with Water separation process.
- Dispose by incineration.
- High temperature incinerate
- After taking off organic solvents that are supposed to be recycled, incinerate the rest of them at a high degree.

#### B. Special precautions for disposal

- The user of this product must disposal by oneself or entrust to waste disposer or person who other's waste recycle and dispose, person who establish and operate waste disposal facilities.
- Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### A. UN number

- 1263

#### B. Proper shipping name

- Paint including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler, and liquid lacquer base

#### C. Hazard class

- 3

#### D. Packing group

- II

#### E. Marine pollutant

- Not applicable

#### F. Special precautions for user related to transport or transportation measures

- Local transport follows in accordance with Dangerous goods Safety Management Law.
- Package and transport follow in accordance with Department of Transportation (DOT) and other regulatory agency requirements.
- EmS FIRE SCHEDULE : F-E (Non-water-reactive flammable liquids)
- EmS SPILLAGE SCHEDULE : S-E (Flammable liquids, floating on water)

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### A. National and/or international regulatory information

- POPs Management Law
  - Not applicable
- Information of EU Classification
  - \* Classification



All information concerning this product and/or suggestions for handling and use contained herein are offered in good faith and are believed to be reliable. Akzo Nobel however makes no warranty as to the accuracy of and/or sufficiency of such information.

- [n-Butyl acetate] : R10 R66 R67
- [Isobutyl acetate] : F; R11 R66
- [Toluene] : F; R11 Repr.Cat.3; R63 Xn; R48/20-65 Xi; R38 R67
- [4-Methyl-2-pentanone] : F; R11 Xn; R20 Xi; R36/37 R66
- [Xylene] : R10 Xn; R20/21 Xi; R38
- [Acetic acid ethyl ester] : F; R11 Xi; R36 R66 R67
- [Ethyleneglycol monoethyl ether acetate] : R10 Repr. Cat. 2; R60-61 Xn; R20/21/22
- [Methyl Ethyl Ketone] : F; R11 Xi; R36 R66 R67
- [Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy] : Carc. Cat. 2; R45/Muta. Cat. 2; R46, Xn; R65
- [Secret] : Repr. Cat. 2; R61, Xi; R36/37/38
- [Ethanol] : F; R11
- [Secret] : F; R11 Xi; R36 R67
- [Secret] : F; R11 T; R23/24/25-39/23/24/25

**\* Risk Phrases**

- [n-Butyl acetate] : R10, R66, R67
- [Isobutyl acetate] : R11, R66
- [Toluene] : R11, R38, R48/20, R63, R65, R67
- [4-Methyl-2-pentanone] : R11, R20, R36/37, R66
- [Xylene] : R10, R20/21, R38
- [Acetic acid ethyl ester] : R11, R36, R66, R67
- [Ethyleneglycol monoethyl ether acetate] : R60, R61, R10, R20/21/22
- [Methyl Ethyl Ketone] : R11, R36, R66, R67
- [Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy] : R45, R65, R46
- [Secret] : R61, R36/37/38
- [Ethanol] : R11
- [Secret] : R11, R36, R67
- [Secret] : R11, R23/24/25, R39/23/24/25

**\* Safety Phrase**

- [n-Butyl acetate] : S2, S25
- [Isobutyl acetate] : S2, S16, S23, S25, S29, S33
- [Toluene] : S2, S36/37, S46, S62
- [4-Methyl-2-pentanone] : S2, S9, S16, S29
- [Xylene] : S2, S25
- [Acetic acid ethyl ester] : S2, S16, S26, S33
- [Ethyleneglycol monoethyl ether acetate] : S53, S45
- [Methyl Ethyl Ketone] : S2, S9, S16
- [Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy] : S53, S45
- [Secret] : S53, S45
- [Ethanol] : S2, S7, S16
- [Secret] : S2, S7, S16, S24/25, S26
- [Secret] : S1/2, S7, S16, S36/37, S45

○ **U.S. Federal regulations**

**\* OSHA PROCESS SAFETY (29CFR1910.119)**

- Not applicable

**\* CERCLA Section 103 (40CFR302.4)**

- [n-Butyl acetate] : 2267.995 kg 5000 lb
- [Isobutyl acetate] : 2267.995 kg 5000 lb
- [Toluene] : 453.599 kg 1000 lb
- [4-Methyl-2-pentanone] : 2267.995 kg 5000 lb
- [Xylene] : 45.3599 kg 100 lb
- [Acetic acid ethyl ester] : 2267.995 kg 5000 lb
- [Methyl Ethyl Ketone] : 2267.995 kg 5000 lb
- [Secret] : 2267.995 kg 5000 lb



**\* EPCRA Section 302 (40CFR355.30)**

- Not applicable

**\* EPCRA Section 304 (40CFR355.40)**

- Not applicable

**\* EPCRA Section 313 (40CFR372.65)**

- [Toluene] : Applicable

- [4-Methyl-2-pentanone] : Applicable

- [Xylene] : Applicable

- [Secret] : Applicable

○ **Rotterdam Convention listed ingredients**

- Not applicable

○ **Stockholm Convention listed ingredients**

- Not applicable

○ **Montreal Protocol listed ingredients**

- Not applicable

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### A. Reference

- The information contained herein is believed to be accurate. It is provided independently of any sale of the product for purpose of hazard communication. It is not intended to constitute performance information concerning the product. No express warranty, or implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose is made with respect to the product or the information contained herein.

- This Safety Data Sheet was compiled with data and information from the following sources: KOSHA, NITE, ESIS, NLM, SIDS, IPCS

### B. Issue date

- 2014-10-08

### C. Revision number and Last date revised

- 1 times, 2014-10-08

### D. Other

- This MSDS is prepared according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).



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